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**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II**

June/July 2019

Time: 3 hours



**THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL**

**DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
(PRODUCTION OPTION)  
(PLANT OPTION)**

**DIPLOMA IN AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING  
DIPLOMA IN WELDING AND FABRICATION**

**DIPLOMA IN CONSTRUCTION PLANT ENGINEERING**

**MODULE II**

**ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II**

3 hours

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

*You should have the following for this examination:*

*Answer booklet;*

*Mathematical tables/Non-programmable scientific calculator.*

*This paper consists of EIGHT questions.*

*Answer any FIVE questions.*

*All questions carry equal marks.*

*Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.*

*Candidates should answer the questions in English.*

**This paper consists of 5 printed pages.**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

- (b) (i) Figure 1 shows a system of forces acting at a point on a body.

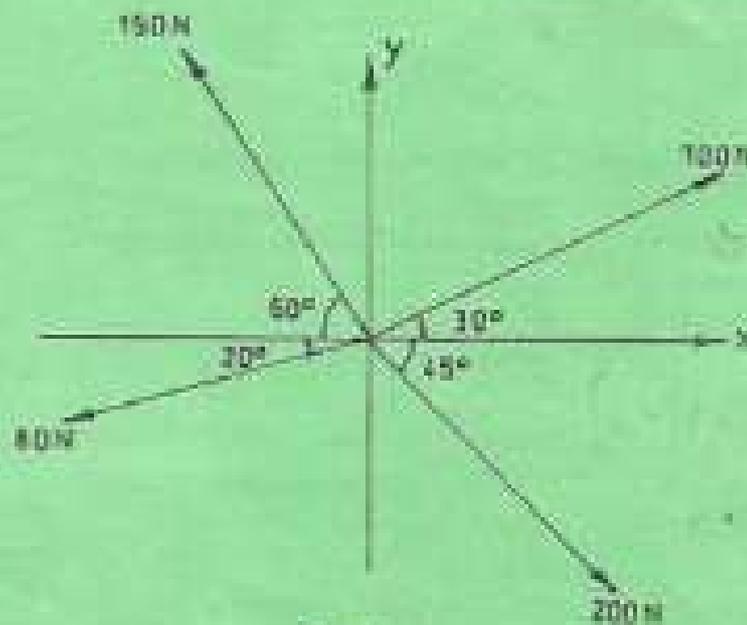


Fig. 1

Use the method of resolution of vectors to determine the:

- (i) magnitude of the resultant force;  
(ii) direction of the resultant force.

(12 marks)

- (a) A regular pyramid stands on a rectangular base of sides 7 cm by 24 cm. The height of the vertex above the base is 30 cm. Calculate the

- (i) surface area of the solid,  
(ii) volume of the pyramid.

(10 marks)

- (b) Use Simpson's rule with 6 intervals to evaluate:  $\int_0^{1.2} \frac{x \, dx}{\sqrt{1+x}}$  (10 marks)

- (a) Determine  $\int \frac{(x^2-3) \, dx}{(x+1)(x^2+1)}$  (9 marks)

- (b) Determine the volume generated when the area enclosed between the curve

$y = x^2$  and the line  $y = 6 - x$  is rotated about the x-axis through  $360^\circ$ .

(11 marks)

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1. (a) A continuous random variable has a probability density function defined by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{t} e^{-kt} & t > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} \quad \text{where } k \text{ is a positive constant.}$$

Determine the:

- (i) value of  $k$ ;
- (ii) mean;
- (iii) variance;
- (iv) median.

(14 marks)

- (b) In a binomial experiment of 11 trials, the variance was found to be 1.76. If the probability of success in the experiment does not exceed 30%, determine the probability of obtaining at most two successes. (6 marks)

2. (a) Given that  $(1 - 2t)$ ,  $(2t - 6)$  and  $(4t - 8)$  form the first three terms of an arithmetic progression, determine the:

- (i) value of  $t$ ;
- (ii) sum of the first twenty terms.

(7 marks)

- (b) A carpenter stacks  $(8k + 15)$  logs of timber in such a way that there are  $k$  layers with 10 logs in the top layer. Each layer below contains one log more than the one immediately above. Calculate the number of logs. (8 marks)

- (c) One third of the air in a tank is removed with each stroke of a pump. If the volume of the air remaining in the tank follows a geometric progression, determine the

- (i) fraction of original volume that remains after four strokes;
- (ii) sum of the first 10 terms of the progression.

(5 marks)

3. (a) Points  $P(10, 5)$  and  $Q(30, 5)$  are in a Cartesian plane. Point  $T$  divides  $PQ$  in ratio 2:3. Determine the:

- (i) position vector of  $T$ ;
- (ii) coordinates of  $T$ .

(8 marks)

6. (a) Given the function  $f(x, y) = \sin(x^2 + y^2)$ , and that  $x = 5t, y = \frac{1}{1+t}$  determine the value of  $\frac{df}{dt}$  at  $t = 1$ . (10 marks)

(b) The transmission of power by belts on pulleys is given by  $P = \frac{2\pi RNT}{60}$ . Determine the percentage change in  $P$  when  $T$  is increased by 3%,  $R$  increased by 1% and  $N$  reduced by 2%. (10 marks)

7. (a) Given that  $y = x \ln x$ , determine  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  (4 marks)

(b) Given the function  $y = x^2 e^{2x}$ , determine the:  
(i) equation of the tangent at the point where  $x = 2$ .  
(ii) stationary points and their nature. (16 marks)

8. (a) Use Maclaurin's theorem to determine the series expansion of  $\ln(1+x)$  as far as the term in  $x^2$ . (11 marks)

(ii) Use the result in (i) to evaluate  $\int_0^1 \ln(1+x) dx$ . (11 marks)

(b) Determine Taylor's series for the function  $f(a+h) = \sin(a+h)$  as far as the term  $h^2$ . Hence evaluate  $\sin 46^\circ$ , giving the answer correct to five decimal places. (9 marks)